SPECIFIC ELECTRICAL 6.3 CONDUCTANCE

Electrical conductance is a measure of the capacity of water (or other media) to conduct an electrical current. Electrical conductance of water is a function of the types and quantities of dis-

solved substances in water, but there is no universal linear relation between total dissolved substances and conductivity.

The USGS reports conductivity in microsiemens per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius (μ S/cm at 25°C). The method described in

Specific electrical conductance (conductivity): a measure of the electrical conductance of a substance normalized to unit length and unit cross section at a specified temperature.

this section for measuring conductivity is applicable to surface water and ground water, from fresh to saline.